In the Claims

Applicant has submitted a new complete claim set, with insertions and deletions in amended claims indicated by underlining and strikeouts, respectively.

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for identifying a compound capable of binding to ribosome recycling factor (RRF) protein, comprising steps of:
- a) using a three-dimensional structure of said protein as defined by atomic coordinates of RRF protein according to Table 8; and
- b) employing said three-dimensional structure to design or select said compound capable of binding to RRF protein;
- ------c) synthesizing said compound capable of binding to RRF protein; and
- 2.-51. (Canceled)
- 52. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed de novo.
- 53. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed from a known compound capable of binding to RRF protein.
- 54. (New) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 - c) synthesizing said compound capable of binding to RRF protein.
- 55. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed de novo.
- 56. (New) The method according to claim 54, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed from a known compound capable of binding to RRF protein.

- 57. (New) The method according to claim 54, further comprising the step of:
- d) contacting said compound capable of binding to RRF protein with said RRF protein in the presence of a substrate to determine the ability of said compound capable of binding to RRF protein to bind said RRF protein.
- 58. (New) The method according to claim 57, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed de novo.
- 59. (New) The method according to claim 57, wherein said compound capable of binding to RRF protein is designed from a known compound capable of binding to RRF protein.